

Patient's Bill of Rights

1. The patient has the right to considerate and respectful care.
2. The patient has the right to obtain complete current information concerning diagnosis, treatment, and prognosis in terms they can be reasonably expected to understand. When it is not medically advisable to give such information to the patient, the information should be made available to an appropriate person on their behalf. A patient has the right to know by name the physician responsible for coordinating their care.
3. The patient has the right to receive from their physician any information necessary to give informed consent prior to the start of any procedure and/or treatment. Except in emergencies, such information for informed consent should include, but not necessarily limited to, the specific procedure and/or treatment, the medically significant risks involved, and the probable duration of incapacitation and if medically significant alternatives for care or treatment exist.
4. The patient has the right to refuse treatment to the extent permitted by law, and to be informed of the medical consequences of this action.
5. The patient has the right to expect all communications and records pertaining of their care should be treated as confidential.
6. The patient has the right to every consideration of privacy concerning her own medical care program. Case discussion, consultation, examination, and treatment are confidential and should be conducted discretely. Those not directly involved in treatment must have the permission of the patient to be present.
7. The patient has the right to expect that, within its capacity, an office must make reasonable response to the request for services. The facility must provide evaluation, treatment and/or referral as indicated by the urgency of the case.
8. The patient has the right to obtain information as to the existence of any professional relationships among individuals, by names, which are providing their treatment.
9. The patient has the right to expect reasonable continuity of care, as well as the right to know in advance what appointment times and physicians are available.

Your physician maintains the right to refuse treatment to any patient that does not comply with the doctor's orders or does not pay the cost of the medical treatment.